



PART B — (5 × 13 = 65 marks)

11. (a) Construct a DFA for the following Language and check whether  $w = '01101'$  is a valid string or NOT.

$L(G) = \{w \mid w \in (0,1)^+ \text{ and } w \text{ starts with 0 and has odd length or it starts with 1 and has even length}\}.$

Or

- (b) Explain the DFA minimization algorithm with an example.

12. (a) Prove that the set of regular languages is closed under complementation. (i.e., If  $L$  a regular language then  $L'$  is also a regular language). Give an example.

Or

- (b) How to determine in two Regular Expressions are equivalent or NOT? Are  $(a^*)$  and  $(\epsilon + aa^*)$  equivalent wrt.  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ ?

13. (a) Construct a CFG for the language given below.

$L(G) = \{w \mid w \in (a,b)^+ \text{ and } w \text{ is an odd length palindrome}\}.$  Also check whether  $w = 'babab'$  is a valid string or not.

Or

- (b) Construct an empty store PushDown Automata(PDA) for the below mentioned language :

$L(G) = \{w \mid w \in (a,b)^+ \text{ and } w \text{ is of the form } a^n b^n \text{ and } n \geq 1\}.$  Also mention the state transitions of this PDA while parsing the string  $w = 'aaabbb'$ .

14. (a) Demonstrate the working model of a Turing machine to perform proper subtraction.

Or

- (b) Construct a Turing machine to accept the following language.

$L(G) = \{w \mid w \in (0,1)^+ \text{ and } w \text{ is of the form } 0^n 1^n \text{ where } n \geq 1\}$

15. (a) Give short notes on Recursive and Recursive Enumerable languages.

Or

- (b) Explain the philosophy behind Travelling salesman problem (TSP). Analyze the computational complexity for the same. Show how the decision version of the TSP belongs to the class of NP-Complete problem.

PART C — (1 × 15 = 15 marks)

16. (a) Construct an empty store PushDown Automata(PDA) for the below mentioned language:

$L(G) = \{w \mid w \in (a, b, c) \text{ and } w \text{ is of the form } XcX', \text{ where } X' \text{ is the reversed string of } X \text{ and } X \in (a, b)\}$ . Also mention the state transitions of this PDA while parsing the string  $w = 'baacaab'$ .

Or

- (b) Construct a PushDown Automata(PDA) for the below mentioned language:

$L(G) = \{w \mid w \in (a, b, c, d) \text{ and } w \text{ is of the form } a^n b^m c^m d^n \text{ and } (m, n) \geq 1\}$ . Also mention the state transitions of this PDA while parsing the string  $w = 'aaabbccddd'$ .

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