50387

b) i) Consider the atomic fetch-and-set x, y instruction unconditionally sets the memory location x to 1 and fetches the old value of x in y without allowing any intervening access to the memory location x. Consider the following implementation of P and V functions on a binary semaphore.

```
void P (binary_semaphore *s) {
  unsigned y;
  unsigned x = & (s - value):
  do {
    fetch-and-set x, v:
  } while (y);
void V (binary_semaphore *s) {
 S->value = 0:
Write whether the implementation may or may not work if context switching
```

ii) Consider a situation where we have a file shared between many people. If one of the people tries editing the file, no other person should be reading or writing at the same time, otherwise changes will not be visible to him/her.

However if some person is reading the file, then others may read it at the same time.

a) What kind of situation is this?

is disabled in P.

- **(3)** b) Consider the following problem parameters to solve this situation. (8) Problem parameters:
- 1) One set of data is shared among a number of processes.
- 2) Once a writer is ready, it performs its write. Only one writer may write at a time.
- 3) If a process is writing, no other process can read it.
- 4) If at least one reader is reading, no other process can write.
- 5) Readers may not write and only read.

Reg. No.:						80

## Question Paper Code: 50387

## B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2017

Fourth/Fifth/Sixth Semester Computer Science and Engineering CS 6401 – OPERATING SYSTEMS

(Common to: Electronics and Communication Engineering/Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/Instrumentation and Control Engineering/Medical Electronics/Information Technology) (Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

## Answer ALL questions

PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$ 

- 1. Mention the objectives of an operating systems.
- 2. What is SYSGEN and system boot?
- 3. Name and draw five different process states with proper definition.
- 4. Elucidate mutex locks with its procedure.
- 5. Write about swapping. Let us assume the user process is of size 1MB and the backing store is a standard hard disk with a transfer rate of 5MBPS. Calculate the transfer rate.
- 6. Consider the following page-reference string:

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

How many page faults and page fault ratio would occur for the FIFO page replacement algorithm? Assuming there is four frames.

- 7. Suppose that the disk rotates at 7200 rpm.
  - a) What is the average rotational latency of the disk drive?
  - b) Identify seek distance can be covered in the time?

(13)

14.

**(7)** 

W. W.	CT:			u (A)
9: List the a	dvantages of Li	nux US.		
0. Write the	purpose of usin	g virtualization.		
			B	(5×13=65 Marks)
1. a) Explai	n Cache memor	ry and its mapping.	1970 – 1984 sta endidon estimach	(13)
	(OF	R) O fore mediatriber		rill multicharagement
b) Descri	be evolution of o	operating system.	An Publicant and T	(13)
		Discuss componentelp of a process state		
ii) Wr b) i) Wh a) b)	ite the difference (OI nat is the average FCFS SJF non-preem Preemptive SJ	ce between user thro R) ge turnaround time aptive.	for the following p	
ii) Wr b) i) Wh a) b)	ite the difference (OI) nat is the average FCFS SJF non-preem	ce between user thro R) ge turnaround time aptive. F.	ead and kernel thr for the following p  Burst Time	rocesses using (3) (3)
ii) Wr b) i) Wh a) b)	ite the difference (OI nat is the average FCFS SJF non-preem Preemptive SJE  Process	ce between user throng (2) ge turnaround time aptive. F.  Arrival Time	ead and kernel thr for the following p  Burst Time	rocesses using (3) (3)
ii) Wr  b) i) Wh  a)  b)  c)	ite the difference (OI nat is the average FCFS SJF non-preem Preemptive SJE  Process P1	ce between user throng (R) ge turnaround time aptive. F.  Arrival Time 0.0	ead and kernel thr for the following p  Burst Time	(3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7)
ii) Wr b) i) Wh a) b) c)	ite the difference (OI nat is the average FCFS SJF non-preem Preemptive SJE  Process P1 P2	ce between user thronk?) ge turnaround time aptive. F.  Arrival Time 0.0 0.4 1.0	ead and kernel thr for the following p  Burst Time  8  4	(3) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7)

How many page faults and page fault rate occur for the FIFO, LRU and optimal replacement algorithms, assuming one, two, three, four page frames?

1, 2, 3, 4, 2, 1, 5, 6, 2, 1, 2, 3, 7, 6, 3, 2, 1, 2, 3, 6.

14.	alloc effec	cated and free cts of new alloc	space. Sugges ations and proc	t a means o ess termina	ng system has to of achieving this. tions in your sugg	Describe the gested scheme.	
	ii) Wha sket		t allocation me	thods in di	sk storage? Exp	lain with neat	(8)
		(0)	R)				
	b) Conside	er a disk queu	e with requests	s for I/O to l	blocks on cylinde	ers	
	98, 183	, 37, 122, 14, 1	24, 65, 67			House Park	
	If the di	sk head is star S, SSTF, SCA	rt at 53, then fir N, C-SCAN an	d out the to d LOOK so	otal head moveme cheduling.	ent with respec	t (13)
15.	a) i) Exp	lain the comp	onents of Linu	x system w	ith neat sketch.		(6)
	ii) Wri	te the various	system admin	istrator rol	es in LINUX OS	S-seale	(7)
			R)			dw sdirW	
	b) i) Hov	v to install and	d configuring n	etwork ser	vices in LINUX.		(9)
	ii) Des	cribe the bene	efits of virtualiz	zation in Ll	INUX OS.		(4)
			DΛ	RT - C		(1×15=15 Ma	arks)
16.	a) Consid	er the followin	ng system snap urces A, B, C a	shot using nd D and p	data structures rocess P0 to P4 :	in the Banker'	S
		Max	Allocation	Need	Available		
		ABCD	ABC	D	ABCD	ABCD	
	P0	6012	4001	i avanes lu	3 2	211	
	P1	1750	1100	omenikomi H			
	P2	2 3 5 6	$1\ 2\ 5\ 4$	Į.			
	P3	1653	0633	By enthon		S IIn pre	
	P4	1656	0212				
	Using	Banker's algo	rithm, answer	the followin	ng questions :		
	_		rces of type A,				(2)
			tents of the ne				(3)
	c) Is t	he system in a	a safe state? W	hy?			(3)
	d) If a	request from the Banker's	process P4 arralgorithm gra	rives for ad nt the requ	ditional resource est immediately	es of (1, 2, 0, 0, ?). Show the ne	), w

system state and other criteria.

(OR)