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Question Paper Code: 40992

25/04/2018 AN

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2018

Third Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering
EE 6302 – ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY
(Regulations 2013)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART - A

 $(10\times2=20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Find the unit vector extending from the origin toward the point P(3, -1, -2).
- 2. Determine the electric field intensity in free space if $\vec{D} = 30\vec{a}_x C/m^2$.
- 3. Mention the properties of electric flux lines.
- 4. State the electrostatic boundary conditions at the interface between two dielectrics.
- 5. What is the total force acting on a moving charge, Q in the presence of both electric and magnetic fields.
- 6. Compare magnetic scalar potential and magnetic vector potential.
- 7. Define Reluctance and Permeability.
- 8. Distinguish between conduction and displacement currents.
- 9. Mention the practical importance of 'Skin depth'.
- 10. What is 'Standing Wave Ratio'?

 $(5\times13=65 \text{ Marks})$

(6)

PART – B

11. a) i) With neat diagrams, explain the spherical system with co-ordinates (R, θ , ϕ).

(6)

(7)

(7)

(6)

ii) Apply Coulomb's law to find the electric field intensity at any point P due to a straight, uniformly charged wire of linear charge density + λ C/m. The point P is at a distance of 'h' m above the wire.

(OR)

b) i) Explain the divergence of a vector field and divergence theorem. (6)

- ii) By mean of Gauss's law, determine the electric field intensity inside and outside a spherical shell of radius R. The shell contains a total charge Q uniformly distributed over the surface.
- 12. a) i) Two point charges $-4~\mu C$ and $5~\mu C$ are located at (2,-1,3) and (0,4,-2) respectively. Find the potential at (1,0,1) assuming zero potential at infinity.
 - ii) A parallel plate capacitor has a plate separation t. The capacitance with air only between the plates is C. When a slab of thickness t' and relative permittivity ε' is placed on one of the plates, the capacitance is C' Show that $\frac{C'}{C} = \frac{\varepsilon' t}{(t' + \varepsilon' (t t'))}$. (7

(OR)

- b) i) Explain briefly the polarization in dielectrics.
 - ii) Derive Laplace's and Poisson's equations from Gauss's law for a linear material medium. State the importance of these equations.
- 13. a) i) By means of Biot-Savart's law, derive an expression for the magnetic field intensity at any point on the line through the centre at a distance 'h' from the centre and perpendicular to the plane of a circular loop of radius 'p' and carrying current 'I.'
 - ii) An iron ring, 0.2 m in diameter and 10 cm² sectional area of the core, is uniformly wound with 250 turns of wire. The wire carries a current of 4 A. The relative permeability of iron is 500. Determine the value of self-inductance and the stored energy.

(OR)

b) i) What is 'Magnetization'? Explain the classification of magnetic materials.

ii) What is the maximum torque on a square loop of 1000 turns in a field of uniform flux density of 1 Tesla? The loop has 10 cm sides and carries a current of 3 A. What is the magnetic moment of the loop? (7)

14. a) An iron ring with a cross-sectional area of 3cm² and a mean circumference of 15 cm is wound with 250 turns of wire carrying a current of 0.3 A. The relative permeability of the ring is 1500. Calculate the flux established in the ring.

(13)

(OR)

b) i) Write a technical note on 'Transformer EMF and Motional EMF'. (6)

ii) Describe the relationship between field theory and circuit theory. (7)

15. a) i) The electric field intensity associated with a plane wave travelling in a perfect dielectric medium is given by E_x (z, t) = $10\cos(2\pi \times 10^7 t - 0.1\pi z)$ V/m. What is the velocity of propagation? (6)

ii) Derive the Poynting theorem and state its significance. (7)

(OR)

b) Write short notes on the following:

(4+4+5)

(15)

- i) Plane waves in lossless dielectrics.
- ii) Plane waves in free space.
- iii) Plane waves in good conductors.

PART – C

(1×15=15 Marks)

16. a) Step by step, develop a condition between

i) Conductor and dielectric.

ii) Dielectric and dielectric.

(OR)

b) From the basics, derive the expressions for Maxwell's equation in differential and integral form. (15)