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Question Paper Code : 50464

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2017

Seventh Semester

Electrical and Electronics Engineering

EE 6007 – MICRO ELECTRO MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

(Common to Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering/Instrumentation and Control Engineering/Mechanical Engineering/Mechatronics Engineering/Robotics and Automation Engineering)
(Regulation 2013)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions

PART – A

(10×2=20 Marks)

1. What is 'drive-in' in the process of doping ?
2. Draw the Young Modulus graph.
3. What are the types of micro actuators ?
4. What is the need of micro grippers ?
5. Define piezoresistive effect.
6. List some industrial applications of Piezoelectric materials.
7. List the advantages of Plasma etching than wet etching.
8. What is LIGA ?
9. List out the polymer MEMS materials.
10. What are the uses of PMMA ?

PART – B

(5×16=80 Marks)

11. a) i) Explain the Czochralski Growth Process in single-crystal substrates. (8)
- ii) Derive the torsional moment of inertia of a cylinder. (8)

(OR)



- b) i) Explain the flexural beam bending. (8)
- ii) Determine the amplitude and frequency of vibration of a 10-mg mass suspended from a spring with a spring constant $k = 6 \times 10^{-5}$ N/m. The vibration of the mass is initiated by a small 'pull' of the mass downward by an amount $\delta_1 = 5 \mu\text{m}$. (8)
12. a) i) A 100- μm long beam is anchored to the substrate at both ends. The temperature of the beam is raised by 300°C. The beam is 2.5 μm thick by 4 μm wide and is made of polysilicon (assume $E = 160$ GPa and $\alpha_T = 2.5$ microstrain/°C).
- a) Calculate the stress and strain in the beam.
- b) Calculate the force and displacement produced in the beam.
- c) Is buckling a concern for this beam? (8)
- ii) Explain the working of any one thermal actuator with neat diagram. (8)
- (OR)
- b) i) Explain the working of electrostatic rotary micromotors with neat diagram. (8)
- ii) Explain the working of magnetic actuator with neat diagram. (8)

13. a) i) Determine the minimum thickness of the circular diaphragm of a micro pressure sensor made of silicon as illustrated in Figure. The diaphragm has a diameter of 600 μm and its edge is rigidly fixed to the silicon die. The diaphragm is designed to withstand a pressure of 20 MPa without exceeding the plastic yielding strength of 7000 MPa. The silicon diaphragm has a Young's modulus $E = 190,000$ MPa and a Poisson's ratio $\nu = 0.25$.
- Figure I A circular diaphragm for a pressure sensor.



- ii) Describe the working principle and circuit diagram of the Tactile Sensor. (8)

(OR)

- b) i) Discuss on piezoelectric materials. (8)
- ii) Explain the operation principle of piezoelectric sensor. (8)



14. a) i) Illustrate the anisotropic wet etching of cavities in {100}-oriented silicon. (8)
- ii) Describe the wet etching of crystalline silicon with necessary diagram. (8)
- (OR)
- b) i) Explain the process of deep reaction ion etching (DRIE). (8)
- ii) Compare the MEMS device capabilities within bulk micromachining, surface micromachining and LIGA fabrication technologies. (8)
15. a) Write notes on :
- i) Liquid Crystal Polymer (LCP)
- ii) PDMS (16)
- (OR)
- b) Discuss about optical lenses and mirrors. (16)